Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary

Financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2014 and Independent Auditor's Report



KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd.

50th-51st Floors, Empire Tower 1 South Sathorn Road Bangkok 10120, Thailand

บริษัท เคพีเอ็มจี ภูมิไชย สอบบัญชี จำกัด ชั้น 50-51 เอ็มไพร์ทาวเวอร์

1 ถนนสาทรใต้ กรุงเทพฯ 10120 Tel: +66 2677 2000 Fax: +66 2677 2222 www.kpmg.co.th

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited

I have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary, and of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited, respectively, which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 30 September 2014, the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated and separate financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.



Opinion

In my opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position as at 30 September 2014 and the financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary, and of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited, respectively, in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying my opinion, I draw attention to note 4 to the financial statements describing the effect of the Group and the Company's adoption from 1 October 2013 of certain new accounting policies. The corresponding figures presented are based on the audited consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and the Company as at and for the year ended 30 September 2013 after making the adjustments described in note 4.

(Sureerat Thongarunsang) Certified Public Accountant

meroe.

Registration No. 4409

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd. Bangkok

26 November 2014

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of financial position

	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
Notes	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(Restated)		(Restated)
		(in Ba	ht)	
7	624,498,704	724,881,385	577,111,741	522,841,898
6, 8	2,620,487,288	1,749,862,782	2,375,791,144	1,477,530,299
6, 9	55,387,445	47,671,932	62,120,259	66,618,268
6	96,691,200	-	196,691,200	390,000,000
10	20,703,158	20,703,158	20,703,158	20,703,158
11	1,521,806,528	1,228,450,195	1,077,010,425	897,158,517
12	98,255,090	82,393,630	74,630,902	60,016,955
13	<u>-</u>	1,234,198		1,234,198
	5,037,829,413	3,855,197,280	4,384,058,829	3,436,103,293
	4,622,000	4,622,000	-	-
10	26,166,117	43,610,195	26,166,117	43,610,195
14	-	-	299,998,000	299,994,000
15	96,306,966	116,983,634	96,306,966	116,983,634
16	2,770,174,007	3,009,012,936	1,773,966,164	1,881,190,052
17	8,199,427	8,989,358	5,805,104	5,837,280
18	36,800,000	-	36,800,000	, -
	10,404,794	9,970,662	9,634,795	9,170,662
	2,952,673,311	3,193,188,785	2,248,677,146	2,356,785,823
	7,990,502,724	7,048,386,065	6,632,735,975	5,792,889,116
	7 6, 8 6, 9 6 10 11 12 13 	7 624,498,704 6, 8 2,620,487,288 6, 9 55,387,445 6 96,691,200 10 20,703,158 11 1,521,806,528 12 98,255,090 13 - 5,037,829,413 4,622,000 10 26,166,117 14 - 15 96,306,966 16 2,770,174,007 17 8,199,427 18 36,800,000 10,404,794 2,952,673,311	2014 2013 (Restated) (in Basel 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,	financial statements financial statements financial statements Notes 30 September 30 September 2014 2013 2014 (In Baht) 7 624,498,704 724,881,385 577,111,741 6, 8 2,620,487,288 1,749,862,782 2,375,791,144 6, 9 55,387,445 47,671,932 62,120,259 6 96,691,200 - 196,691,200 10 20,703,158 20,703,158 20,703,158 11 1,521,806,528 1,228,450,195 1,077,010,425 12 98,255,090 82,393,630 74,630,902 13 - 1,234,198 - 5,037,829,413 3,855,197,280 4,384,058,829 4,622,000 - 299,998,000 15 96,306,966 116,983,634 96,306,966 16 2,770,174,007 3,009,012,936 1,773,966,164 17 8,199,427 8,989,358 5,805,104 18 36,800,000 - 36,800,000

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of financial position

		Consolid	lated	Separa	nte
		financial sta	atements	financial sta	tements
Liabilities and equity	Notes	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
		2014	2013	2014	2013
			(Restated)		(Restated)
·			(in Ba	ht)	
Current liabilities					
Short term loan from financial institution	19	-	30,000,000	-	-
Trade accounts payable	6, 20	1,949,353,584	1,464,486,865	1,684,271,496	1,261,007,434
Other payables	21	284,756,374	218,499,351	230,026,657	173,296,058
Payable for property, plant					
and equipment		18,775,967	31,676,659	7,674,304	8,213,565
Current portion of finance lease					
liabilities	19	79,983,426	83,932,732	17,680,357	16,860,921
Income tax payable		-	3,330,590	-	-
Other current liabilities	•	16,533,473	13,721,237	13,602,132	10,793,091
Total current liabilities		2,349,402,824	1,845,647,434	1,953,254,946	1,470,171,069
Non-current liabilities					
Finance lease liabilities	19	123,229,832	173,173,517	29,767,730	47,448,087
Deferred tax liabilities	18	2,817,866	1,339,197	-	-
Employee benefit obligations	22	142,720,348	126,437,719	116,540,423	104,561,517
Total non-current liabilities		268,768,046	300,950,433	146,308,153	152,009,604
Total liabilities		2,618,170,870	2,146,597,867	2,099,563,099	1,622,180,673
Equity					•
Share capital					
Authorised share capital	23	238,981,000	238,981,000	238,981,000	238,981,000
Issued and paid-up share capital	23	208,981,000	208,981,000	208,981,000	208,981,000
Additional paid-in capital					
Premium on ordinary shares	25	653,700,000	653,700,000	653,700,000	653,700,000
Retained earnings					
Appropriated			·		
Legal reserve	25	55,000,000	55,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Unappropriated		4,454,650,854	3,984,107,198	3,645,491,876	3,283,027,443
Total equity		5,372,331,854	4,901,788,198	4,533,172,876	4,170,708,443
Total liabilities and equity		7,990,502,724	7,048,386,065	6,632,735,975	5,792,889,116

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of comprehensive income

		Consolid	lated	Separa	te
		financial sta	atements	financial sta	tements
		For the year ended	30 September	For the year ended 3	30 September
	Notes	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(Restated)		(Restated)
			(în Ba	ht)	•
Income					
Revenue from sale of goods	6, 26, 31	16,466,746,514	11,237,073,119	13,927,119,351	8,035,954,261
Other income	6, 27	201,303,787	205,169,582	182,166,415	188,888,231
Net foreign exchange gain		56,943,639	18,573,149	45,043,724	4,398,422
Total income		16,724,993,940	11,460,815,850	14,154,329,490	8,229,240,914
Expenses				•	
Cost of sale of goods	29	15,636,370,607	11,116,517,232	13,264,190,469	8,032,158,175
Selling expenses	29	244,563,594	201,311,648	214,350,580	158,495,948
Administrative expenses	29	299,334,293	383,565,276	248,503,414	298,280,642
Impairment losses	13, 16	-	570,278,030	-	231,688,782
Finance costs		14,115,613	10,658,341	3,958,929	2,844,001
Total expenses	•	16,194,384,107	12,282,330,527	13,731,003,392	8,723,467,548
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		530,609,833	(821,514,677)	423,326,098	(494,226,634)
Income tax expense	30	2,562,667	11,894,814	3,358,155	-
•					
Profit (loss) for the year		528,047,166	(833,409,491)	419,967,943	(494,226,634)
Other community in some for the reconstruction					
Other comprehensive income for the year		(1.061.070)	(40 646 470)	(1.061.050)	(22 200 042)
Defined benefit plan actuarial losses	22	(1,961,078)	(40,646,478)	(1,961,078)	(33,798,263)
Income tax on other comprehensive income		7,151,868	(974 055 050)	7,151,868	(530,034,805)
Total comprehensive income for the year		533,237,956	(874,055,969)	425,158,733	(528,024,897)
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht).	32	25.27	(39.88)	20.10	(23.65)

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary

Statements of changes in equity

Consolidated financial statements

				Conso	Consolidated financial statements	statements		
		Issued and		·		Retained earnings		
		paid-up	Treasury	Share		Treasury shares		
Year ended 30 September 2013	Note	share capital	shares	premium	Legal reserve (in Baht)	reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
Balance at 1 October 2012 - as reported		220,000,000	(154,818,400)	653,700,000	55,000,000	154,818,400	4,909,926,091	5,838,626,091
Impact of changes in accounting policies	4	1	1	l			(87,624)	(87,624)
Balance at 1 October 2012 - as restated		220,000,000	(154,818,400)	653,700,000	55,000,000	154,818,400	4,909,838,467	5,838,538,467
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity								
Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company								
Reduction of treasury shares		(11,019,000)	154,818,400	1	1	(154,818,400)	11,019,000	
Dividend to owners of the Company	33	1	Ī	1	,	,	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company	'	(11,019,000)	154,818,400	1	•	(154,818,400)	(51,675,300)	(62,694,300)
Total transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		(11,019,000)	154,818,400		4	(154,818,400)	(51,675,300)	(62,694,300)
Comprehensive income for the year								
Loss			ı	1	•	•	(833,409,491)	(833,409,491)
Other comprehensive income		•	•	-	·	1	(40,646,478)	(40,646,478)
Total comprehensive income for the year		,	t	•			(874,055,969)	(874,055,969)
Balance at 30 September 2013	"	208,981,000	1	653,700,000	55,000,000	1	3,984,107,198	4,901,788,198

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of changes in equity

Consolidated financial statements

			Conso	HOALEG THAILCIAL 3	CATCHICHTO		
	Issued and				Retained earnings	5	
	paid-up	Treasury	Share		Treasury shares		
Note	share capital	shares	premium	Legal reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
				(in Baht)			
	208,981,000		653,700,000	55,000,000		3,985,446,395	4,903,127,395
4		r	1	1	1	(1,339,197)	(1,339,197)
ı	208,981,000	•	653,700,000	55,000,000	ı	3,984,107,198	4,901,788,198
}							(20 001 200)
ري	,	,			,	(62 (97 300)	(62,604,200)
						(0000; 0000)	(0-10)
1	ľ	1		1	ı	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
	1	ı	•	ı	ı	528,047,166	528,047,166
ı	, ,	1		 	r	5,190,790	5,190,790
1	•	•	ı	 	 	533,237,956	533,237,956
11	208,981,000	1	653,700,000	55,000,000	t	4,454,650,854	5,372,331,854
	33 4 Note		Issued and paid-up Treasury share capital shares 208,981,000	Issued and paid-up Treasury Share share capital shares premiu 208,981,000 - 653,700, 208,981,000 - 653,700,	Issued and paid-up Treasury Share share capital shares premium Legal reserve (in Baht) 208,981,000 - 653,700,000 55,000,000 208,981,000 - 653,700,000 55,000,000	Issued and paid-up Treasury Share share capital shares premium Legal reserve (in Baht) 208,981,000 - 653,700,000 55,000,000 208,981,000 - 653,700,000 55,000,000	Issued and

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of changes in equity

Separate financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2013 Balance at 1 October 2012 Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company Reduction of treasury shares Dividend to owners of the Company	Note 33	Issued and paid-up share capital 220,000,000	Issued and paid-up Treasury hare capital shares 220,000,000 (154,818,400) (11,019,000) 154,818,400	Share premium 653,700,000	Retained Treasury Treasury Treasury Treasury Legal reserve rese (in Baht)	Retained earnings Treasury shares reserve 154,818,400 (154,818,400)	3,862,727,640 11,019,000 (62,694,300)	Total equity 4,761,427,640 (62,694,300)
Balance at 1 October 2012		220,000,000	(154,818,400)	653,700,000	(in Baht) 25,000,000	154,818,400	3,862,727,640	4,761,427,640
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company Reduction of treasury shares		(11,019,000)	154,818,400		ı	(154,818,400)	11,019,000	•
Dividend to owners of the Company	33	711 010 000	157 818 700	1	· ·	(154.818.400)	(62,694,300) (51,675,300)	(62,694,300) (62,694,300)
Total transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		(11,019,000)	154,818,400	,	-	(154,818,400)	(51,675,300)	(62,694,300)
Comprehensive income for the year					·			
Loss		•	ı	•	1	ı	(494,226,634)	(494,226,634)
Other comprehensive income		1	1	1	,	•	(33,798,263)	(33,798,263)
Total comprehensive income for the year			,			1	(528,024,897)	(528,024,897)
Balance at 30 September 2013		208,981,000	ı	653,700,000	25,000,000	ŧ	3,283,027,443	4,170,708,443

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary

Statements of changes in equity

Separate financial statements

				Sep	Separate financial statements	tements		
		Issued and				Retained earnings	3	
		dn-piad	Treasury	Share		Treasury shares		
Year ended 30 September 2014	Note	share capital	shares	premium	Legal reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
					(in Baht)			
Balance at 1 October 2013		208,981,000	ı	653,700,000	25,000,000		3,283,027,443	4,170,708,443
		•						
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity								
Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company								
Dividend to owners of the Company	33	1	ı	ı		1	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company			•	, 	ı	1	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
Total transcriptions with armone washed diseasely in samifa			1		1	ı	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
TOTAL CLAUSACTIONS WILL OWNERS, ICCOLUCE ON COUNTY								
Comprehensive income for the year	-							
Profit		ı	ı	ı	1	ı	419,967,943	419,967,943
Other comprehensive income		ı	ı	1	1	1	5,190,790	5,190,790
Total comprehensive income for the year		1	ı	1	1	i	425,158,733	425,158,733
Balance at 30 September 2014		208,981,000	•	653,700,000	25,000,000	1	3,645,491,876	4,533,172,876

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of cash flows

	Consolid	ated	Separa	te
	financial sta	tements	financial stat	tements
	For the year ended 3	0 September	For the year ended 3	0 September
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(Restated)		(Restated)
		(in Ba	ht)	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit (loss) for the year	528,047,166	(833,409,491)	419,967,943	(494,226,634)
Adjustments for				
Depreciation and amortisation	480,572,187	610,560,278	279,190,772	297,019,619
Dividend income	-	-	(10,019,933)	(10,019,933)
Finance costs	14,115,613	10,658,341	3,958,929	2,844,001
Unrealised loss (gain) on exchange rate	16,529,993	(4,840,176)	14,787,945	(4,506,999)
Provision for obsolete and net realisable				
value of inventories (reversal of)	(27,718,009)	12,588,887	(22,391,225)	8,689,984
Provision for impairment loss				
on property, plant and equipment				
and assets classified as held for sale	-	570,278,030	-	231,688,782
Loss (gain) on disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	(590,156)	17,274,358	151,765	(327,216)
Gain on disposal of assets				
classified as held for sale	(727,672)	(119,000)	(727,672)	(119,000)
Amortisation of golf membership	46,666	46,666	46,666	46,666
Employee benefit obligations	16,499,754	33,459,312	12,196,031	31,159,051
Income tax expense	2,562,667	11,894,814	3,358,155	
	1,029,338,209	428,392,019	700,519,376	62,248,321
Changes in operating assets				
and liabilities				
Trade accounts receivable	(887,611,194)	158,630,912	(913,525,285)	65,623,524
Other receivable	(14,923,341)	101,067,458	7,313,866	104,791,917
Inventories	(265,638,324)	(187,413,866)	(157,460,682)	(294,891,625)
Other current assets	(15,861,460)	(17,690,114)	(14,613,947)	(18,231,739)
Other non-current assets	(480,800)	5,840,770	(510,800)	5,679,301
Trade accounts payable	490,929,772	(217,579,514)	429,609,870	(78,245,506)
Other payables	74,305,901	(22,122,542)	58,098,978	(1,847,672)
Other current liabilities	2,812,236	(6,923,666)	2,809,041	(5,398,987)
Employee benefit obligations paid	(2,178,203)	(28,174,180)	(2,178,203)	(28,174,180)
Income tax paid	(34,062,719)	(7,312,651)	(33,006,287)	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	376,630,077	206,714,626	77,055,927	(188,446,646)

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of cash flows

		Consolid	ated	Separa	te
		financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements
		For the year ended 3	30 September	For the year ended 3	0 September
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
		•	(Restated)		(Restated)
			(in Ba	iht)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Decrease (increase) in short-term loans					
to related parties		(96,504,780)	92,073,300	(96,504,780)	182,073,300
Repayment from loans to related parties		-	-	290,000,000	-
Addition to investment properties		-	(13,892,000)	-	(13,892,000)
Purchases of property, plant					
and equipment		(233,811,724)	(423,325,630)	(132,587,465)	(272,192,585)
Sales of property, plant and equipment		21,950,426	5,189,932	378,897	1,670,841
Sales of assets classified as held for sale		1,961,870	241,119,000	1,961,870	241,119,000
Purchases of intangible assets		(2,403,920)	(3,298,146)	(2,296,420)	(1,058,000)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities		(308,808,128)	(102,133,544)	60,952,102	137,720,556
Cash flows from financing activities					
Interest paid		(22,160,738)	(10,658,341)	(3,958,929)	(2,844,001)
Proceeds from short-term loan from					
financial institution		-	30,000,000	-	•
Repayment to short-term loan from					
financial institution		(30,000,000)	-	-	-
Repayment under financial lease liabilities		(54,386,029)	(49,049,388)	(16,860,921)	(10,811,776)
Proceeds from finance lease liabilities		1,260,473	79,014,579	-	75,120,783
Dividends paid	33	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)	(62,694,300)
Net cash used in financing activities		(167,980,594)	(13,387,450)	(83,514,150)	(1,229,294)
Net increase (decrease) in cash					
and cash equivalents		(100,158,645)	91,193,632	54,493,879	(51,955,384)
Cash and cash equivalents at		, , , ,		. ,	
beginning of year		724,881,385	631,697,701	522,841,898	572,807,230
Effects of exchange rate changes			,		, ,
on balances held in foreign					
currencies		(224,036)	1,990,052	(224,036)	1,990,052
Cash and cash equivalents at					
end of year	7	624,498,704	724,881,385	577,111,741	522,841,898
Non-cash transactions			<u> </u>		
Assets acquired by means of finance lease		32,624,440	158,706,529		
Payable for property, plant and equipment		<i>52</i> ,024, 11 0	130,700,329	-	-
and investment properties		18,775,967	31,676,659	7 674 204	0 012 565
and investment properties		10,//3,90/	31,070,039	7,674,304	8,213,565

Note.	Contents
1	General information
2	Basis of preparation of the financial statements
3	Current operations
4	Changes in accounting policies
5	Significant accounting policies
6	Related parties
7	Cash and cash equivalents
8	Trade accounts receivable
9	Other receivables
10	Finance lease receivable
11	Inventories
12	Other current assets
13	Non-current assets held for sale
14	Investment in subsidiary
15	Investment properties
16	Property, plant and equipment
17	Intangible assets
18	Deferred tax
19	Interest-bearing liabilities
20	Trade accounts payable
21	Other payables
22	Employee benefit obligations
23	Share capital
24	Treasury shares and reserves
25	Additional paid-in capital and reserves
26	Segment information
27	Other income
28	Employee benefit expenses
29	Expenses by nature
30	Income tax expense
31	Promotional privileges
32	Basic earnings (loss) per share
33	Dividends
34	Financial instruments
35	Commitments with non-related parties
36	Other commitments
37	Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) not yet adopted

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements issued for Thai statutory and regulatory reporting purposes are prepared in the Thai language. These English language financial statements have been prepared from the Thai language statutory financial statements, and were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 November 2014.

1 General information

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited, the "Company", is incorporated in Thailand and has its registered office at No. 886 Ramindhra Road, Khwaeng Kannayao, Khet Kannayao, Bangkok 10230, Thailand.

The Company was listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand in August 1992.

The parent and ultimate parent company during the financial period was Muramoto Industry Company Limited (incorporated in Japan).

The principal activities of the Company are manufacturing of metal and plastic parts for audio/visual equipment and electronic equipment for automobiles and office automation appliances.

Details of the Company's direct subsidiary are as follows:

		Country of	Ownership	p interest
	Type of business	incorporation	2014	2013
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of			
	electronic parts	Thailand	99.99%	99.99%

2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

TFRS

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS); guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions ("FAP"); and applicable rules and regulations of the Thai Securities and Exchange Commission.

The FAP has issued the following new and revised TFRS relevant to the Group's operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013:

Topic

	· ·
TAS 12	Income Taxes
TAS 21 (revised 2009)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
TFRS 8	Operating Segments

The adoption of these new and revised TFRS has resulted in changes in the Group's accounting policies. The effects of these changes are disclosed in note 4.

In addition to the above new and revised TFRS, the FAP has issued a number of other new and revised TFRS which are effective for financial statements beginning on or after 1 October 2014 and have not been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. Those new and revised TFRS that are relevant to the Group's operations are disclosed in note 37.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded in the notes to the financial statements to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note 3 Current operations

Notes 13 and 16 Non-current assets held for sale and key assumptions used in discounted cash flow

Projections

Note 18 Deferred taxation

Note 22 Measurement of defined benefit obligations

3 Current operations

During the past few years, the Group's operations had been affected by the economic slowdown due to the sluggish demand for the business and the economic turmoil which resulted in the Group incurring a net loss from operations in the consolidated and separate financial statement for the year ended 30 September 2013 of Baht 833 million and 494 million, respectively. Management adopted and has been implementing several measures to improve the operations to turn the Group's loss into profit. These include discontinuance of TV and other related businesses; starting new business with new customers and implementing several measures to reduce costs. As the result, the Group's and the Company's financial performance have been improved in 2014.

The Group and the Company reported net profit from operations of Baht 528 million and 420 million for the year ended 30 September 2014, respectively.

4 Changes in accounting policies

(a) Overview

From 1 October 2013, consequent to the adoption of new and revised TFRS as set out in note 2, the Group has changed its accounting policies in the following areas:

- Accounting for income tax
- Accounting for the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates
- Presentation of information on operating segments

Details of the new accounting policies adopted by the Group are included in notes 4(b) to 4(d) below. Other new and revised TFRS did not have any impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Group.

(b) Accounting for income tax

The principal change introduced by TAS 12 is the requirement to account for deferred tax liabilities and assets in the financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are the amounts of income taxes payable and recoverable, respectively, in future periods in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of the liability or asset in the statement of financial position and the amount attributed to that liability or asset for tax purposes; and the carryforward of unused tax losses. The accounting policy for deferred tax is described in note 5.

The Group/Company adopted TAS 12 with effect from 1 October 2013. The effects of the change are recognised retrospectively in the financial statements. The impact of the change on the financial statements is as follows:

	Consoli financial sta 30 Septem	atements	Separate financial stateme 30 September	
Statement of financial position as at	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousand Baht)			
Increase in deferred tax assets	36,800	_	36,800	-
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	2,818	1,339		-
Decrease in actuarial losses Increase (decrease) in retained	7,152	-	7,152	-
earnings	26,830	(1,339)	29,648	••
Increase (decrease) in equity	33,982	(1,339)	36,800	

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September	2014	2013 (in thousa	2014 nd Baht)	2013
(Increase)/decrease in income tax expense Increase/(decrease) in profit for the year	28,170 28,170	(1,252) (1,252)	29,648 29,648	-
(Increase)/decrease in income tax on comprehensive income	(7,152)		(7,152)	<u>-</u>
Increase/(decrease) in total comprehensive income for the year	21,018	(1,252)	22,496	-
Increase (decrease) in earnings per share - Basic earnings (loss) per share (in Baht)	1.35	(0.06)	1.42	<u>-</u>

(c) Accounting for the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates

From 1 October 2013, the Group has adopted TAS 21 (revised 2009) Accounting for the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The principal change introduced by TAS 21 (revised 2009) is the introduction of the concept of functional currency, which is defined as the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. TAS 21 (revised 2009) requires the entity to determine its functional currency and translate foreign currency items into its functional currency, reporting the effects of such translation in accordance with the provisions of TAS 21 (revised 2009). Foreign currencies are defined by TAS 21 (revised 2009) as all currencies other than the entity's functional currency.

Management has determined that the functional currency of the Group is Thai Baht. Accordingly, the adoption of TAS 21 (revised 2009) from 1 October 2013 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's reported assets, liabilities or retained earnings.

(d) Presentation of information on operating segments

From 1 October 2013, the Group has adopted TFRS 8 Operating Segments. The new policy for presentation of information on operating segments, together with information on the previous policy, is given below. The new policy has been applied retrospectively and segment information included in the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013, which are included in the Group 2014 financial statements for comparative purposes, has been re-presented accordingly. The change in policy only impacts presentational aspects and has no impact on the Group reported financial position, the financial performance and cash flow of the Group.

TFRS 8 introduces the "management approach" to segment reporting. It requires a change in the presentation and disclosure of segment information based on the internal reports regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker in order to assess each segment's performance and to allocate resources to those segments. Previously the Group presented segment information in respect of its business and geographical segments in accordance with TAS 14 Segment Reporting.

The change in basis of presentation and disclosure of segment information has resulted in the Group presenting segment information (Note 26) in respect of the following segments: Electronic parts for automotive business; Electronic parts for office automation business and other business.

5 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements except as explained in note 4, which address changes in accounting policies.

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its subsidiary (together referred to as the "Group").

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is entity controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income or expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at cost in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions.

(c) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to manage exposure to foreign exchange arising from operational activity. Derivative financial instruments are not used for trading purposes. However, derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for as trading instruments.

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at cost on accrual basis; attributable transaction costs are recognised in the statement of income when incurred in profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statements of cash flows comprise cash balances, call deposits and highly liquid short-term investments. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand are a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

(e) Trade and other accounts receivable

Trade and other accounts receivable are stated at their invoice value less allowance for doubtful accounts.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is assessed primarily on analysis of payment histories and future expectations of customer payments. Bad debts are written off when incurred.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs of raw materials and supplies are calculated using the first-in, first-out basis. Cost of work in progress and finished goods are calculated using the weighted-average cost principle and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work-in-progress, cost includes an appropriate share of overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and to make the sale.

An allowance is made for all deteriorated, damaged, obsolete and slow-moving inventories.

(g) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities) that are expected to be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use, are classified as held for sale. The assets (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of their carrying value and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

(h) Investments

Investments in subsidiary

Investments in subsidiary in the separate financial statements of the Company are accounted for using the cost method.

(i) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held to earn rental income, for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, and other costs directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for its intended use and capitalised borrowing costs.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each property. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Investment property

5 years

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and capitalised borrowing costs. Cost also may include transfers from other comprehensive income of any gain or loss on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognised net within other income in profit or loss.

Leased assets and leased assets under sale and leaseback agreements

Assets held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership on classified as finance leases.

The Group entered into various sale and lease back agreements for certain machinery and equipment, resulting in a finance lease. The surplus of sales over the carrying amount is not immediately recognised as income. This surplus is deferred and presented net under property, plant and equipment. Amortisation of such surplus is presented by offsetting with depreciation expenses in profit or loss over the term of the lease.

The Group recognises finance leases as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to the lower of its fair value or the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction

of the outstanding liabilities. The finance charge is allocated to the periods during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated based on the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvements and leasehold improvements	5 - 32 years
Buildings and structure	5 - 32 years
Machinery and equipment	1.5 - 10 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land or assets under construction.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

(k) Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

Amortisation

Amortisation is based on the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Software licences 3 - 5 years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

(l) Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. Intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation credited to equity, in which case it is charged to equity.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of a non-financial asset is the greater of the asset's value in use and fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset is reversed if the subsequent increase in recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods in respect of other non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(m) Interest-bearing liabilities

Interest-bearing liabilities are recognized initially at cost less attributable transaction changes.

(n) Trade and other accounts payable

Trade and other accounts payable are stated at cost.

(o) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits other than pension plans is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on AA credit-rated bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations. The calculation is performed using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit pension plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on AA credit-rated bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations and that are denominated in the same currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid.

The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a benefit to the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the total of any unrecognised past service costs and the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements that apply to any plan in the Group. An economic benefit is available to the Group if it is realisable during the life of the plan, or on settlement of the plan liabilities.

When the benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group recognises all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefit plans in profit or loss.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Group is committed demonstrably, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Group has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profitsharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(p) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

(q) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Repurchase of share capital (treasury shares)

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is classified as treasury shares and recognised as a deduction from equity. An equal amount is appropriated from retained earnings and taken to a reserve for treasury shares within equity. When treasury shares are sold, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity by crediting the cost of the treasury shares sold, calculated using the weighted average method, to the treasury shares account and transferring the equivalent amount back from reserve for treasury shares to retained earnings. Surpluses on the sale of treasury shares are taken directly to a separate category within equity, 'Surplus on treasury shares'. Net deficits on sale or cancellation of treasury shares are debited to retained earnings after setting off against any remaining balance of surplus on treasury shares.

(r) Revenue

Revenue excludes value added taxes and is arrived at after deduction of trade discounts.

Sale of goods and services rendered

Revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there is continuing management involvement with the goods or there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the probable return of goods. Service income is recognized as service are provided.

Income from export tax rebate and import duty refund

Income from export tax rebate (granted by the Ministry of Finance in the form of tax coupons) and import duty refund are recognised in profit or loss based on an accrual basis upon exporting the finished goods.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues.

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(s) Expenses

Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Group determines whether such an arrangement is or contains a lease. A specific asset is the subject of a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of that specified asset. An arrangement conveys the right to use the asset if the arrangement conveys to the Group the right to control the use of the underlying asset.

At inception or upon reassessment of the arrangement, the Group separates payments and other consideration required by such an arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Group concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset. Subsequently the liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance charge on the liability is recognised using the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings and similar costs are charged to profit or loss for the period in which they are incurred. The interest component of finance lease payments is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(t) Income tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgements about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgement regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(u) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

(v) Segment reporting

Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

6 Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the group if the group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or joint control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Relationships with related parties were as follows:

Name of entities	Country of incorporation/nationality	Nature of relationships
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	Japan	Ultimate parent of the group, some common directors
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Direct subsidiary, 99.99% shareholding and common director
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.	Singapore	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto USA Inc.	USA	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Sumitronics, USA LLC.	USA	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Technics (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Manufacturing Europe S.R.O.	Czech Republic	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines Inc.	Philippine	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
P.T. Muramoto Elecktronika Indonesia	Indonesia	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Manufacturing de Mexico, S de R.L. de C.V	Mexico	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Muramoto Sumitronics,de Mexico, S de R.L. de C.V	Mexico	Ultimate parent is major shareholder, common director
Kein Hing Muramoto Vietnam	Vietnam	Ultimate parent is major shareholder
Key management personnel	Thailand	Persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group/Company

The pricing policies for particular types of transactions are explained further below:

Transactions	Pricing policies
Revenue from sale of goods and	
rendering of services	Cost plus margin
Purchase of raw materials and	At contractually agreed prices, equivalent to
purchase of fixed assets	market price
Other income	At prices equivalent to purchase/cost of services from third parties
Technical fees	At contractually agreed prices
Royalty fees	0.75% of net sales
Interest income	At rates equivalent to market

Significant transactions for the years ended 30 September 2014 and 2013 with related parties were as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate financial statements	
	financial st			
	2014	2013 (in thousa	2014	2013
Parent		(in inousa	ina Dani)	
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.				
Sales of goods	1,674,055	1,372,706	1,141,463	618,476
Purchases of goods and fixed assets	609,662	338,782	596,776	305,346
Royalty fees	110,304	72,606	104,453	60,270
Technical fees	29,820	13,583	28,859	13,583
Other income	1,586	3,144	1,117	471
Subsidiary				
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.				
Sales of goods	-	-	289,076	418,580
Purchases of goods	_	-	16,288	2,001
Interest income	-	-	6,391	16,462
Dividend income	-	-	10,020	10,020
Other income	-	-	-	528
Other related parties				
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.				
Sales of goods	184,132	622,492	184,132	593,369
Purchases of goods	120,524	204,289	29,340	40,860
Interest income	-	-	931	-
Other income	342	40	342	-
Muramoto Manufacturing Europe S.R.O.				
Sales of goods	-	32	894	32
Muramoto USA Inc.				
Sales of goods	3,442,231	630,521	3,441,895	629,005
Purchases of goods	12,500	50,422	12,500	50,422
Interest income	-	1,049	-	1,049
Other Income	1,082	1,608	1,082	1,428

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Muramoto Technics (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.			-	
Purchases of goods	3,326	12,443	3,326	12,443
Technical fees	-	63	-	•
Muramoto Audio-Visual Phillippines, Inc				
Sales of goods	31,566	19,592	31,566	19,555
Purchases of goods	2,695	3,921	-	
Other income	308	-	308	•
Others				
Sales of goods or rendering of services		1,693	-	1,693
Other income	-	479	-	479
Key management personnel Key management personnel compensation				
Short-term employee benefit	14,359	23,745	6,597	18,528

Balances as at 30 September 2014 and 2013 with related parties are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Trade accounts receivable from related parties				
Parent				
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	465,229	378,150	409,347	252,226
Subsidiary				
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	-	-	51,690	108,558
Other related parties				
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.	14,096	17,126	14,093	15,873
Muramoto USA Inc.	594,610	289,563	594,610	289,253
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines, Inc.	2,747	3,478	2,747	3,470
Total	1,076,682	688,317	1,072,487	669,380
Short-term loan to related parties				
Subsidiary				
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	-	-	100,000	390,000
Other related party				
Muramoto USA Inc.	96,691	-	96,691	-
Total	96,691	-	196,691	390,000

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial sta	tements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Other receivable from related parties		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Parent				
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	1,249	540	1,249	540
Subsidiary				
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	•	-	10,043	18,088
Other related parties				
Muramoto USA Inc.	174	1,105	174	1,105
P.T. Muramoto Electronika Indonesia	<u>-</u>	24	-	24
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.	8,620	-	8,620	-
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines, Inc.	315		315	
Total	10,358	1,669	20,401	19,757
Trade accounts payable to related parties Parent Mysemete Industry Co. Ltd.	141 222	127 424	125 (25	110 902
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	141,332	127,434	135,625	119,803
Subsidiary Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	-	•	2,464	325
Other related parties				
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.	13,941	28,341	2,322	5,255
Muramoto USA Inc.	33	30	33	30
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines, Inc.	252	979	-	-
Total	155,558	156,784	140,444	125,413
Other payable-related party Parent				•
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	43,330	26,763	42,138	23,854
Other related parties				
Muramoto USA Inc.	4,215	-	4,215	-
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines, Inc.			3_	
Total	47,545	26,763	46,356	23,854
Payable for property, plant and equipment				
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.		<u> 757</u>		757
Total	-	757		757

Short-term loan to related parties

Movements during the years ended 30 September 2014 and 2013 of short-term loan to related parties were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	_ ,	(in thousan		
Subsidiary		•	,	
Sima Technology Co., Ltd.				
At 1 October	-	· -	390,000	480,000
Increase	-	_	-	_
Loan repayment	-	_	(290,000)	(90,000)
At 30 September	. =	-	100,000	390,000
Other related parties				
Muramoto USA Inc.				
At 1 October	-	92,073	-	92,073
Loan repayment	-	(93,489)	-	(93,489)
Unrealized gain on exchange rate	-	1,416	-	1,416
At 30 September				
Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd.				
At 1 October	-	-	-	_
Increase	96,505	-	96,505	_
Unrealized gain on exchange rate	186	_	186	_
At 30 September	96,691		96,691	
Total other related parties	96,691		96,691	-
Total	96,691	-	196,691	390,000

As at 30 September 2014, short-term loans to Sima Technology Co., Ltd. bear interest at the rates 2.78% per annum (2013: 2.93% - 3.61% per annum). Final maturity date is 28 June 2015 (2013: 28 December 2014).

On 1 October 2010, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Muramoto USA Inc. in which the Company agreed to lend USD 3 million (equivalent to Baht 90 million) to the latter. The loan bears interest at 1.52% per annum, is unsecured and is due on 30 September 2012. In the Board of Directors' meeting held on 14 August 2012, the Board of Directors approved the extension of the period of the loan to 30 September 2013. This loan had already been repaid in September 2013.

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 24 January 2014, the shareholders approved the additional corporate objective of the Company in the Memorandum of Association whereby the Company will operate a business of providing loans to affiliated company in and outside Thailand. In this connection, on 17 December 2013, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Muramoto Asia Pte Ltd. in which the Company agreed to lend USD 3 million (equivalent to Baht 97 million) to the latter. The loan bears interest at 1.20% per annum, is unsecured and is due on 16 December 2014. Subsequently, on 26 November 2014, the Board of Directors approved the extension of the period of loan for another one year.

Significant agreements with related parties

As at 30 September 2014, the Company has guaranteed Baht 420 million (2013: Baht 420 million) of bank overdraft and loan facilities from a bank for its subsidiary. Subsequently, on 26 November 2014, the Board of Directors approved the cancellation of the guarantee of Baht 320 million.

As at 30 September 2014, the ultimate parent company has guaranteed Yen 250 million (equivalent to Baht 74.72 million) and Baht 30 million (2013: Yen 250 million (equivalent to Baht 81.06 million) and Baht 300 million) of bank overdraft and loan facilities extended by a bank for the Company's subsidiary.

Service agreements for technical advice and business support

The Company and its subsidiary have entered into service agreements with the parent company whereby the parent company agrees to provide full assistance and furnish the Company with all recent technical advice, product design and business support for the production and marketing of electronic parts. Under the term of the agreements, the Company agrees to pay a fee equal to 0.75% of total sales in each fiscal year. The agreements are automatically renewed on a year-to-year basis, unless either of the parties hereto gives the other party prior written notice.

7 Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolid	lated	Separ	ate	
	financial sta	financial statements		atements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousand Baht)				
Cash on hand	473	536	166	385	
Cash at banks	624,026	724,345	576,946	522,457	
Total	624,499	724,881	577,112	522,842	

The currency denomination of cash and cash equivalents as at 30 September was as follows:

,	Consolic	lated	Separa	ate
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
•		(in thousar	ıd Baht)	
Thai Baht	452,288	602,511	404,901	400,472
United States Dollars	124,585	121,621	124,585	121,621
Japanese Yen	47,626	749	47,626	749
Total	624,499	724,881	577,112	522,842

8 Trade accounts receivable

•		Consoli	idated	Separ	ate
		financial statements		financial statements	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Related parties	6	1,076,682	688,317	1,072,487	669,380
Other parties	_	1,543,805	1,061,546	1,303,304	808,150
Total		2,620,487	1,749,863	2,375,791	1,477,530

Aging analyses for trade accounts receivable were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
•	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Within credit terms	2,602,018	1,674,657	2,357,322	1,402,340
Overdue:				
Less than 3 months	18,423	75,206	18,423	75,190
Overdue 3-12 months	46		46	
Total	2,620,487	1,749,863	2,375,791	1,477,530

The normal credit term granted by the Group ranges from 30 days to 120 days.

The currency denomination of trade accounts receivable as at 30 September was as follows:

	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
	financial statements		financial st	atements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	ınd Baht)	
Thai Baht	1,350,426	714,445	1,161,587	750,590
United States Dollars	805,813	463,625	805,813	458,232
Japanese Yen	464,248	571,793	408,391	268,708
Total	2,620,487	1,749,863	2,375,791	1,477,530

9 Other receivables

		Consolio	lated	Separa	ite
		financial statements		financial statements	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousar	ıd Baht)	
Related parties	6	10,358	1,669	20,401	19,757
Other parties		45,029	46,003	41,719	46,861_
Total		55,387	47,672	62,120	66,618

10 Finance lease receivable

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousan	d Baht)	
Finance lease receivable	52,145	71,700	52,145	71,700
Less unearned interest income	(5,276)	(7,387)	(5,276)	(7,387)
	46,869	64,313	46,869	64,313
Less current portion of finance lease				
receivable	(20,703)	(20,703)	(20,703)	(20,703)
Total	26,166	43,610	26,166_	43,610

One customer of the Company has been impacted from flooding in Thailand. The customer has requested the Company to construct and install clean rooms and facilities and provide services of certain rental space, equipments, facilities and manpower for their production or operations. Accordingly, the Company has entered into partial space agreement with its customer. The Company will receive the rental fee at the rate specified in the agreements. The agreements have lease term covering the period from 1 April 2012 until 26 March 2017. However, the customer is able to terminate the agreement by giving written notice to the Company at least one year in advance. The agreement contains conditions including if there are services fee outstanding, the customer shall pay the Company all outstanding amounts. Interest 2.4% may be charged on the outstanding balance.

In this connection, the Company has entered into a finance lease agreement to obtain a fund to finance the investment in this finance lease receivable as disclosed in Note 19.

11 Inventories

	Consoli	lated	Separa	te
	financial sta	atements	financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousar	nd Baht)	
Raw materials	681,380	620,896	471,487	468,655
Work in process	139,754	102,547	92,144	65,595
Finished goods	551,811	392,825	397,633	283,755
Supplies	35,884	40,143	22,825	22,704
Goods in transit	118,720	105,499	98,663	84,583
	1,527,549	1,261,910	1,082,752	925,292
Less allowance for decline in value	(5,742)	(33,460)	(5,742)	(28,133)
Net	1,521,807	1,228,450	1,077,010	897,159

12 Other current assets

	Consolid	lated	Separa	ate .
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousan	d Baht)	
Value added tax receivable	35,697	42,856	20,001	24,752
Prepaid withholding tax	44,600	34,224	36,672	29,951
Others	17,958	5,314	17,958	5,314
Total	98,255	82,394	74,631	60,017

13 Non-current assets held for sale

Previously, the management performed a detailed assessment of the business and identified business units which had incurred continuing losses and for which future profitability remains uncertain.

Consequently, some machinery and equipment within the PDP line (TV Business) were presented as assets classified as held for sale at 30 September 2013 following the commitment of the Group's management to sell this group of assets as it is no longer in use. During the year ended 30 September 2014, all items within this disposal group of assets had already been sold with a gain on disposal of Baht 0.7 million has been recorded in the statement of comprehensive income.

Details of the non-current assets classified as held for sale are as follows:

		Consolidated/Separate financial statements
		Machinery and equipment
		at net book value
	Note	(in thousand Baht)
At 1 October 2012		282,600
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	16	90,994
Less disposal		(362,611)
Less impairment losses		(131,360)
Add reversal of impairment from disposal		121,611
At 30 September 2013 and 1 October 2013	•	1,234
Less disposal		(196,186)
Add reversal of impairment from disposal		194,952
At 30 September 2014		-

14 Investment in subsidiary

The investment in subsidiary as at 30 September 2014 and 2013, and dividend income from this investment for the years then ended were as follows:

end		2013		10,020
	Dividend	2014		10,020
2	sthod	2013	(Baht)	299,994
iai statemeni	Cost method	2014 2013	(in thousand Baht)	299,998
Separate Imanci	apital	2013		300,000
Se	Paid-up	2014 201		300,000
	p interest	2013	<i>©</i>	66.66
•	Ownership interest	2014	e :	66.66
				ogy Co., Ltd.
				Sima Technology Co., Ltd.

15 Investment properties

	Consolic financial st		Separa financial sta	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(în thousar	ıd Baht)	
Cost				
At 1 October	147,210	140,228	147,210	140,228
Transfer from property,				
plant and equipment	<u> </u>	6,982	<u> </u>	6,982
At 30 September	147,210	147,210	147,210	147,210
Depreciation and impairment losses				
At 1 October	30,226	8,655	30,226	8,655
Depreciation charge for the year	20,677	21,571	20,677	21,571
At 30 September	50,903	30,226	50,903	30,226
Net book value	96,307	116,984	96,307	116,984

A parcel of land has been transferred from property, plant and equipment to investment property, since the parcel of land was no longer used by the Company. In addition to this, a part of the Group's plant space which is held to earn rental income as discussed in Note 10 has also been transferred from property, plant and equipment to investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

As at 30 September 2014, fair value of the investment properties amount of Baht 171 million (2013: Baht 209 million) that are leased to third parties has been evaluated by the Group's valuation model.

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements

16 Property, plant and equipment

		Land		Consolidated fin	Consolidated financial statements	Furniture,		
	Land	improvements & leasehold improvements	Building and structure	Machinery & equipment (in thous	nery & Transportation ment equipment (in thousand Baht)	uxtures and office equipment	Construction in progress	Total
At 1 October 2012 Additions Transfer to investment properties Transfers, net Transfer to assets held for sale Disposals At 30 September 2013 and	240,107 (6,982)	124,778 5,004 - 43,684 - - - 173,466	3,025,156 26,138 - 44,080 - (2,361) 3,093,013	7,320,586 200,802 324,072 (178,522) (1,688,757) 5,978,181	15,529 52 (3,468) 12,113	514,193 · 3,205 ·	127,101 349,638 - (411,946) - - - 64,793	11,367,450 584,839 (6,982) - (178,522) (2,079,906) 9,686,879
Additions Transfers, net Disposals At 30 September 2014	233,125	2,446 6,114 (5,912) 176,114	2,253 3,709 (40,163) 3,058,812	84,974 189,008 (58,821) 6,193,342	(503)	4,465 250 (76) 13 6,827	144,037 (199,081) - 9,749	(105,475) 9,819,579

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements

		Land		Consolidated fi	Consolidated financial statements	Furniture,		
	Land	improvements & leasehold improvements	Building and structure	Machinery & equipment (in thou	ary & Transportation nent equipment (in thousand Baht)	fixtures and office equipment	Construction in progress	Total
impairment loss At 1 October 2012 Depreciation charge for the year Losses on decline in value Transfers, net	1 1 1 1 1	38,287 3,668 11,014 219	1,583,111 87,406 38,260 -	5,544,378 475,193 388,255 - (87,528)	12,553 795 - - - (2,170)	465,694 18,018 1,389 (219) -		7,644,023 585,080 438,918 - (87,528) (1,902,627)
At 30 September 2013 and 1 October 2013 Depreciation charge for the year Losses on decline in value Disposals At 30 September 2014	1 1 1 1	53,188 8,390 (4,364) (2,915) 54,299	1,707,587 91,213 (6,800) (34,698) 1,757,302	4,806,296 480,146 (135,184) (37,394) 5,113,864	11,178 554 (503) 11,229	99,617 13,902 (745) (63) 112,711		6,677,866 594,205 (147,093) (75,573) 7,049,405
Net book value At 30 September 2013 Owned assets Assets under finance leases	233,125	120,278	1,385,426	959,080 212,805 1,171,885	935	32,571	64,793	2,796,208 212,805 3,009,013
At 30 September 2014 Owned assets Assets under finance leases	233,125	121,815	1,301,510	892,097 187,381 1,179,478	381	24,116	9,749	2,582,793 187,381 2,770,174

The gross amount of the Group's fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 30 September 2014 amounted to Baht 3,166 million (2013: Baht 3,095 million).

In 2014, gain from sale and lease back agreements for machinery and equipment of a subsidiary amounted to Baht 1.6 million were recognised as deferred gain on sale and lease back (2013: Baht 3.9 million).

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements

Separate financial statements Building and Machinery & Transportation structure equipment equipment (in thousand Baht) 2,030,861 5,324,104 7,116
2,030,861
,
(39,069)
1,991,792

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements

		Total		6.117.181	1 1 1 1 1 1	271,717	(87,528)	100,329	•	(1,608,635)		7703 064	4,793,004	272,651	(25,966)	(71,414)	4,968,335		1,881,190	1,773,966	
		Construction in progress		ı		1		1	1	•				•	ι		k		56,443	3,781	
	Furniture, fixtures	and office equipment		420 435	50, 62	14,947	ı	1,389	(219)	(375,125)		107 70	01,42/	11,336	(745)	1	72,018		24,586	18,157	
Separate financial statements		Transportation equipment	(in thousand Baht)	5 575	0.00	253	Ĭ	1	•	(821)		i	2,007	10	1		5,017		42	32	
Separate finar		Machinery & equipment	(in thous	4 410 626	4,417,040	222,274	(87,528)	49,666	ı	(1.232,689)		1	3,371,349	221,533	(14,057)	(34,451)	3,544,374		749.641	729.584	
		Building and structure		1 722 750	1,433,430	30,575	J	38,260	•				1,302,093	31,382	(008'9)	(34,048)	1,292,627		728.768	699,165	Sortico
	Land improvements	& leasehold improvements		700.00	707,00	3,668	i	11,014	219	•	1	•	53,188	8,390	(4,364)	(2,915)	54,299		120.278	121.815	Croiver
		Land			t	ı	ı	Ī	ı	1			t	ı	1	ı	1	<u> </u>	201 432	201,432	#CT-6T-0#
				Depreciation and impairment loss	At 1 October 2012	Depreciation charge for the year	Transfer to assets held for sale	Losses on decline to value	Transfers net	Dienosale	Claposara	At 30 September 2013 and	1 October 2013	Denreciation charge for the year	Losses on decline to value	Disposals	At 30 September 2014	4	Net book value		At 30 September 2014

The gross amount of the Company's fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 30 September 2014 amounted to Baht 2,839 million (2013: 2,643 million).

The TV business impairment testing of the Company in 2013 which has been planned to be disposed of was based on fair value less costs of sell which was estimated based on the latest open and independent bidding.

The impairment testing by the subsidiary was based on value in use which was estimated using discounted cash flow projections. Key assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amounts are discount rates and sales growth rate. The values assigned to the key assumptions represented management's assessment of future trends and were based on both external and internal sources (historical data). The key assumptions were as follow:

	2014	2013
		(%)
Discount rate	-	10.84
Budgeted sales growth rate (decrease)	-	(1) - (12)

17 Intangible assets

·	Consoli	dated	Separa	ate
	financial st	atements	financial sta	tements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Cost				
At 1 October	28,264	26,132	20,146	19,088
Addition	2,404	3,298	2,296	1,058
Disposals	-	(1,166)	-	_
At 30 September and		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1 October	30,668_	28,264	22,442	20,146
Amortisation				
At 1 October	19,275	15,822	14,309	10,580
Amortisation for the year	3,194	4,619	2,328	3,729
Disposals	-	(1,166)	-	-
At 30 September and	 -			
1 October	22,469	19,275	16,637	14,309
Net book value				
At 30 September	8,199	8,989	5,805	5,837

18 Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 30 September were as follows:

		Consol	idated			
		financial s	tatements			
	As	ssets	Liab	ilities		
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
		(in thousa	ind Baht)			
Total	36,800	· <u>-</u>	(2,818)	(1,340)		
Set off of tax	· -	•	-	-		
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	36,800	-	(2,818)	(1,340)		
		Sepa	rate			
	financial statements					
	A	ssets	Liabilities			
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
		(Restated)		(Restated)		
		(in thouse	and Baht)			
Total	36,800	· -	-	-		
Set off of tax	-	-	-	.		
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	36,800		-			

Movements in total deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year were as follows:

			financial statements) / Credited to:	
	At 1		Other	At 30
	October	Profit or	comprehensive	September
	2013	loss	income	2014
Deferred tax assets		(in th	ousand Baht)	•
Inventories	-	1,149	-	1,149
Employee benefit obligation	-	16,156	7,152	23,308
Loss carry forward		12,343	- -	12,343
Total		29,648	7,152	36,800
Deferred tax liabilities Finance lease liabilities Total	(1,340) (1,340)	(1,478) (1,478)	<u> </u>	(2,818) (2,818)
Net	(1,340)	28,170	7,152	33,982
1100	(1,5-10)	Consolidated	financial statements) / Credited to:	
	At 1		Other	At 30
	October	Profit or	comprehensive	September
	2012	loss	income	2013
Deferred tax liabilities		(in th	nousand Baht)	
Finance lease liabilities	(87)	(1,252)		(1,339)

		•	inancial statements b) / Credited to:	
	At 1 October 2013	Profit or loss	Other comprehensive income	At 30 September 2014
Deferred tax assets		(in th	nousand Baht)	
Inventories	-	1,149	-	1,149
Employee benefit obligation	-	16,156	7,152	23,308
Loss carry forward		12,343		12,343
Total	<u>-</u>	29,648	7,152	36,800

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) arising from temporary differences and unused tax losses that have not been recognised in the financial statements as at 30 September 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

		lidated statements	-	arate statements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	ınd Baht)	
Deductible temporary differences	34,639	117,600	14,873	85,595
Tax losses	76,259	132,111	76,259	132,111
Total	110,898	249,711	91,132	217,706

The tax losses will be expired in 2018. The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group and the Company can utilise the benefits therefrom.

19 Interest-bearing liabilities

	Consol financial s		Separ financial st	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Current		,	·	
Short term loan	-	30,000	-	-
Current portion of finance lease				
liabilities	79,983	83,933	17,680	16,861
Total current interest-			•	
bearing liabilities	79,983	113,933	<u>17,680</u>	16,861
Non-current				
Finance lease liabilities	123,230	173,174	29,768	47,448
Total non-current interest-				
bearing liabilities	123,230	173,174	29,768	47,448
Total	203,213	287,107	47,448	64,309

As at 30 September 2013, a subsidiary had drawn down an amount of Baht 30 million under a loan facility agreement for Baht 100 million. This loan bears interest at 3.05% per annum and is guaranteed by the ultimate parent company.

During 2013, the Company entered into a short-term loan agreement with a financial institution for a facility of Baht 1,620 million (packing credit, letter of guarantee and foreign exchange). At 30 September 2014, no facility had been utilized (2013: -nil-).

As at 30 September 2014, a subsidiary has unused credit facilities (short-term loan, bank overdraft, letter of guarantee, letter of credit and foreign exchange) from local financial institutions amounting to Baht 670 million (2013: Baht 940 million).

Finance lease liabilities

The Group entered into various lease agreements covering machinery and equipment. Lease terms are for the period of 3 and 5 years. Finance lease liabilities as at 2014 and 2013 were payable as follows:

			Consolidated	financial state	ements	
		2014	\$		2013	3
	Future minimum lease		Present value of minimum lease	Future minimum lease		Present value of minimum lease
	payments	Interest	payments	payments	Interest	payments
			(in thouse	ina Bant)		
Within one year After one year but	88,462	8,479	79,983	95,524	11,591	83,933
within five years Total	131,343 219,805	8,113 16,592	123,230 203,213	186,981 282,505	13,807 25,398	<u>173,174</u> 257,107
lotai	219,603	10,392	203,213	202,303	20,070	237,107

			Deparate and	aweins peneciis	711.63	
		2014			2013	
	Future minimum lease		Present value of minimum lease	Future minimum lease		Present value of minimum lease
	payments	Interests	payments (in tho	payments usand Baht)	Interest	payments
Within one year After one year but	19,554	1,874	17,680	19,554	2,693	16,861
within five years	30,961	1,193	29,768	50,516	3,068	47,448
Total	50,515	3,067	47,448	70,070	5,761	64,309

20 Trade accounts payable

		Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
		financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thouse	ınd Baht)	
Related parties	6	155,558	156,784	140,444	125,413
Other parties	•	1,793,796	1,307,703	1,543,827	1,135,594
Total		1,949,354	1,464,487	1,684,271	1,261,007

The currency denomination of trade accounts payable as at 30 September was as follows:

		solidated l statements	Separate financial statement	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thou	sand Baht)	
Thai Baht	1,289,422	777,364	1,099,000	744,862
United States Dollars	426,853	404,891	404,385	356,387
Japanese Yen	232,830	281,987	180,637	159,514
Others	249	245	249	244
Total	1,949,354	1,464,487	1,684,271	1,261,007

21 Other payables

		Consoli	dated	Separa	ate
		financial st	atements	financial statements	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Related parties	6	47,545	26,763	46,356	23,854
Other parties		237,211	191,736	183,671	149,442
Total	_	284,756	218,499	230,027	173,296

22 Employee benefit obligations

Defined benefit obligation

The Group and the Company operate defined benefit plans based on the requirement of Thai Labour Protection Act B.E. 2541 (1998) to provide retirement benefits to employees based on pensionable remuneration and length of service.

The statement of financial position obligation was determined as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
			financial sta	atements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousand Baht)				
Present value of unfunded					
obligations	142,720	126,438	116,540	104,562	
Statement of financial position					
obligation	142,720	126,438	116,540	104,562	

Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations:

	Consolie	lated	Separa	ıte
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousar	ad Baht)	
Defined benefit obligations at 1 October	126,438	80,506	104,561	67,778
Current service costs and interest	16,499	15,587	12,196	11,682
Curtailment losses/settlement	-	17,872	-	19,477
Actuarial losses recognized in other				
comprehensive income	1,961	40,647	1,961	33,798
Benefit paid	(2,178)	(28,174)	(2,178)	(28,174)
Defined benefit obligations				
at 30 September	142,720	126,438	116,540	104,561

Expense recognised in profit or loss:

·	Consoli financial st		Separa financial sta	
	2014	2013	2014 .	2013
	(in thousand Baht)			
Current service cost	11,486	11,084	8,122	7,962
Interest on obligation	5,013	4,503	4,074	3,720
Curtailment losses/settlement		17,872		19,477
Total	16,499	33,459	12,196	31,159

The expense is recognised in the following line items in the statement of comprehensive income:

	Consoli financial st		Separa financial sta	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousand Baht)			
Cost of sales	14,210	28,476	10,767	27,277
Selling expenses	415	772	243	567
Administrative expenses	1,874	4,211	1,186	3,315
Total	16,499	33,459	12,196	31,159

Actuarial gain and loss recognized in other comprehensive income:

	Consol	Consolidated financial statements		rate		
	financial s			tatements		
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
		(in thousand Baht)				
Actuarial losses	1,961	40,647	1,961	33,798		

Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages):

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(%)	
Discount rate	3.9, 4.0	3.9, 4.0	3.9	3.9
Future salary increases	3.0-5.0	3.0-5.0	5.0	5.0

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables.

23 Share capital

	Par		2014	20	013
	value (in Baht)	Number	Baht (thousand share	Number es/thousand Baht)	Baht
Authorised At 1 October	(*** = #****)		(2	
- ordinary shares - reduction of treasury shares	10	23,898	238,981	25,000 (1,102)	250,000 (11,019)
At 30 September - ordinary shares	10	23,898	238,981	23,898	238,981
Issued and fully paid-up At 1 October					
ordinary sharesreduction of treasury shares	10	20,898	208,981	22,000 (1,102)	220,000 (11,019)
At 30 September - ordinary shares	10	20,898	208,981	20,898	208,981

The share capital decreased following the write-off of treasury shares in accordance with Ministerial Regulation issued by the Ministry of Commerce, Re: Rules and Procedures for the Purchase, Disposal and Writing off of Treasury Stocks of Companies, B.E. 2544.

24 Treasury shares and reserves

At the Board of Directors' meeting of the Company held on 15 May 2009, the Company's directors approved a Share Repurchase Program in accordance with Section 66/1(2) of the Public Limited Company Act (No.2) B.E. 2544, for a consideration not exceeding Baht 360 million. Under the program:

- The number of ordinary shares to be repurchased will not exceed 2.2 million shares (par value of Baht 10 per share), equal to 10% of the total number of paid-up share capital of the Company;
- The Company shall repurchase its ordinary shares through the main board of the Stock Exchange of Thailand during the period from 2 June 2009 to 1 December 2009; and
- The Board of Directors shall determine the procedures for resale of the shares after 6 months but no later than 3 years from the completion date of the share repurchase.

As of 1 December 2009 the Company had repurchased 1,101,900 shares (equal to 5.01% of the total number of paid-up share capital of the Company) for an aggregate consideration of Baht 154.8 million. Accordingly, the Company had transferred an amount of Baht 154.8 million from unappropriated retained earnings to treasury share reserve.

At the Board of Directors' meeting held on 26 November 2012, the Company's directors passed resolution to decrease the Company's registered share capital by cancelling 1,101,900 registered shares with a par value of 10 Baht per share for repurchased shares (treasury shares) of 1,101,900 shares for which the resale period expired on 1 December 2012. The capital reduction decreased the Company's registered share capital from Baht 250,000,000 to Baht 238,981,000 and issued and fully paid-up share capital from Baht 220,000,000 to Baht 208,981,000. The Company registered the decrease of its registered share capital with the Ministry of Commerce in December 2012.

25 Additional paid-in capital and reserves

Share premium

Section 51 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires companies to set aside share subscription monies received in excess of the par value of the shares issued to a reserve account ("share premium"). Share premium is not available for dividend distribution.

Legal reserve

Section 116 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires that a company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward, to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered authorised capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Treasury shares reserve

The treasury shares reserve represents the amount appropriated from retained earnings equal to the cost of the Company's own shares held by the Group. The treasury shares reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

26 Segment information

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different products, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

- Segment 1 Electric parts for automotive business
- Segment 2 Electronic parts for office automation business
- Segment 3 Other business

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's CODM. Segment profit before tax is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

Information about reportable segments

	TRONIC Electric parts for	rts for	Electronic parts for office automation	ic parts utomation			l		ì	:	į	
	automotive business 2014 2013	business 2013	business 2014	ness 2013	Other business 2014 201 (in)	usiness 2013 20 (in million Baht)	14	Total 2013	Eliminations 2014 20	ations 2013	2014	t 2013
Revenue External rayenne	8 340	\$ 00.5	8 071	6.199	26	13	16,467	11,237	i	1	16,467	11,237
Inter-segment revenue	15	2	10	25	•	1	25	27	(25)	(27)	1	1
Total segment revenue	8,355	5,027	8,081	6,224	26	13	16,492	11,264	(25)	(27)	16,467	11,237
Gross profit	148	(346)	409	70	3	•	260	(276)	271	396	831	120
Other Income	112	110	103	122		-	215	232	(14)	(27)	201	205
Net foreign exchange gain	29	8	. 28	11	1		57	19	Í	ı	. 57	19
Cost of sale of goods	(8,207)	(5,373)	(7,672)	(6,154)	(53)	(13)	(15,932)	(11,540)	296	423	(15,636)	(11,117)
Selling expense	(130)	(62)	(115)	(106)		•	(245)	(201)	ı	1	(245)	(201)
Administrative expense	(153)	(182)	(144)	(202)	(2)	1	(299)	(384)	1	1	(299)	(384)
Impairment loss		•	1	(570)	1	1	ı	(570)	1	1	1	(270)
Finance costs	(3)	(3)	(18)	(22)	ı	(1)	(21)	(26)	7	16	(14)	(10)
Income tax expense	Ξ	(5)	(2)	<u>(</u>)		,	(3)	(12)	•	1	(3)	(12)
Profit for the year	2	(513)	261	(704)	1	(I)	264	(1,218)	264	385	528	(833)
Interest revenue	7	11	S	11	1	:	12	22	(9)	16	9	9
Depreciation and amortisation	(207)	(273)	(273)	(338)	(E)		(481)	(611)	1	t	(481)	(611)
Segment assets as at 30 September	1,139	840	1,560	1,540	∞	,	2,707	2,380	(1)	•	2,706	2,380

Reconciliations of reportable segment assets

	2014	2013
	(in million	n Baht)
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments	2,706	2,380
Other unallocated amounts	5,285	4,668
Consolidated total assets	7,991	7,048

Geographical information

Electronic parts for Automotive business, Electronic parts for office automation business and other business are managed on a worldwide basis but operate manufacturing facilities and sales offices in Thailand.

In presenting geographical information revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

	Reve	nues	Non-curre	nt assets*
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in milli	on Baht)	
Japan	5,859	5,059	=	-
Thailand	6,900	4,861	2,916	3,193
Other countries	3,708	1,317	-	-
Total	16,467	11,237	2,916	3,193

^{*} Non-current assets are not included deferred tax assets.

Major customer

Revenues from three customers of the Group's Electronic parts for Automotive business, Electronic parts for office automation business and other business segments represents approximately Baht 10,012 million (2013: Baht 5,301 million) of the Group's total revenues.

27 Other income

		Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
		financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousa	nd Baht)	•
Income from scrap sale		109,539	117,777	95,494	94,286
Rental and other service income		72,690	65,216	57,076	51,999
Interest income		5,583	4,950	11,594	21,217
Dividend income	6, 14	-	-	10,020	10,020
Others		13,492	17,226	7,982	11,366
Total	,	201,304	205,169	182,166	188,888

28 Employee benefit expenses

		Consolidated		eparate
	financia	al statements	financi	al statements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thouse	and Baht)	
Management				
Wages and salaries	6,392	9,150	3,420	5,696
Contribution to defined				
contribution plans	-	43	-	43
Others	9,189	14,552	4,399	12,789
	15,581	23,745	7,819	18,528
Other employees			· · ·	
Wages and salaries	1,070,219	1,096,013	745,977	743,219
Contribution to defined				
contribution plans	16,375	32,026	7,913	7,387
Others	641,259	574,344	530,341	424,046
	1,727,853	1,702,383	1,284,231	1,174,652
Total	1,743,434	1,726,128	1,292,050	1,193,180

The Company has established contributory provident funds for its employees. Membership to the funds is on a voluntary basis. Contributions are made monthly by the employees at the rate of 3% of their basic salaries and by the Company at the rate of 3% of the employees' basic salaries. The provident funds are registered with the Ministry of Finance as juristic entries and are managed by a licensed Fund Manager.

29 Expenses by nature

Included in cost of sales of goods:

	Consolidated		Sep	arate	
	financia	l statements	financial	statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		(in thou	sand Baht)		
Changes in inventories of finished					
goods and work in progress	(196,193)	(77,658)	(140,428)	(105,731)	
Raw materials and consumables					
used	12,816,341	8,324,772	11,233,923	6,299,117	
Employee benefit expenses	1,591,085	1,526,184	1,194,127	1,049,796	
Depreciation and amortisation	568,296	550,421	250,607	241,619	
Others	856,842	792,798	725,961	547,357	
Total	15,636,371	11,116,517	13,264,190	8,032,158	

Included in selling expenses:

	Consolid	lated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Royalty fee	110,304	72,606	104,453	60,270
Personnel	29,936	49,443	20,250	39,731
Distribution	80,079	59,518	73,345	48,315
Depreciation and amortisation	2,237	2,717	323	463
Professional fee	321	-	321	-
Others	21,687	17,028	15,659	9,717
Total	244,564	201,312	214,351	158,496

Included in administrative expenses:

	Consol		Sepa	
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thou	ısand Baht)	
Personnel	116,413	150,501	77,673	103,653
Depreciation and amortisation	11,756	35,107	28,234	31,908
Professional fee	7,601	8,577	5,617	6,060
Travelling	2,881	4,579	1,673	3,121
Others	160,683	184,801	135,307	153,539
Total	299,334	383,565	248,504	298,281

30 Income tax expense

Income tax recognised in profit or loss

		Conso	lidated	Sep	arate
		financial	statements	financial	statements
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
•			(Restated)		(Restated)
			(in thousa	nd Baht)	
Current tax expense					
Current year		453	10,643	-	-
Under provided for prior years		30,280		33,006_	
		30,733	10,643	33,006	-
Deferred tax					
Movement in temporary difference	18	(28,170)	1,252	(29,648)	
Total	1	(2,563)	11,895	(3,358)	-

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Consolidated financial statements

	2	2014	(R	2013 estated)
	Rate	(thousand	Rate	(thousand
	(%)	Baht)	(%)	Baht)
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		530,610		(821,515)
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	106,122	23	(188,948)
Tax privileges		-		(7,868)
Income tax not subject to tax		(126)		(209)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes and others		10,309		9,826
Utilisation of previous tax losses		(113,742)		-
Current year losses for which no deferred tax				
asset was recognised		*		199,094
Total	1	2,563	1	11,895

Separate financial statements

		-		
	2	2014		2013
			(R	estated)
	Rate	(thousand	Rate	(thousand
	(%)	Baht)	(%)	Baht)
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		423,326		(494,227)
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	84,665	23	(113,672)
Income not subject to tax		(2,130)		(2,513)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes and others		11,006		4,837
Utilisation of previous tax losses		(90,183)		-
Current year losses for which no deferred tax				
asset was recognised		_		111,348
Total	1	3,358		-

31 Promotional privileges

The Company received promotional privileges from the Board of Investment in respect of manufacturing of metal, plastic, and assembly parts of electronic parts. Under these privileges, the Company has received exemption from certain taxes and duties as detailed in the certificate. As a promoted industry, the Company is required to comply with the terms and conditions as specified in the certificate.

The subsidiary company received promotional privileges from the Board of Investment under various promotion certificates in respect of manufacturing of electronic parts. Under these privileges, the subsidiary company has received exemption from certain taxes for a period of eight years from the date of commencement of promoted revenue. As a promoted industry, the subsidiary company has to comply with the terms and conditions as specified in the certificate.

Revenue from sale of goods for the years ended 30 September 2014 and 2013, classified under the promoted and non-promoted business are as follows:

		· C	onsolidated:	financial state	ements					
		2014 Non-			2013 Non-					
	Promoted Business	promoted Business	Total (in mil	Promoted Business lion Baht)	promoted Business	Total				
Export and indirect			,	,						
export sales	819	15,246	16,065	4,615	1,826	6,441				
Domestic sales	3_	399	402	_ 4,142	654	4,796				
Total	822	15,645	16,467	8,757	2,480	11,237				
					Separate financial statements					
			Separate fix	nancial statem	ents					
		2014	Separate fix	nancial statem	2013					
	Promoted	2014 Non- promoted	Separate fix	nancial statem Promoted						
	Promoted Business	Non-	Total	Promoted Business	2013 Non-	Total				
Export and indirect		Non- promoted	Total	Promoted	2013 Non- promoted	Total				
Export and indirect export sales		Non- promoted	Total	Promoted Business	2013 Non- promoted					
^		Non- promoted Business	Total (in mill	Promoted Business	2013 Non- promoted Business	Total 3,418 4,618				

32 Basic earnings (loss) per share

The calculations of basic earnings (loss) per share for the years ended 30 September 2014 and 2013 were based on the profit (loss) for the years attributable to equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the years as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	•
•	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(Restated)		(Restated)
	(iı	n thousand Baht	/ thousand sha	res)
Profit (loss) for the years attributable to equity holders of the Company	528,047	(833,409)	419,968	(494,227)
Number of ordinary shares outstanding at 1 October	20,898	22,000	20,898	22,000
Effect of shares reduction	20,696	(1,102)	20,090	(1,102)
Weighted average number of ordinary		(1,102)	.	(1,102)
shares outstanding	20,898	20,898	20,898	20,898
Basic earnings (loss) per share (in Baht)	25.27	(39.88)	20.10	(23.65)

33 Dividends

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 24 January 2014, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividends from retained earnings at 30 September 2013 at Baht 3 per share, total amount of Baht 63 million. The dividends were paid in February 2014.

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 25 January 2013, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividends from retained earnings at 30 September 2012 of Baht 3 per share, amounting to Baht 63 million. The dividends were paid to shareholders during 2013.

34 Financial instruments

Financial risk management policies

The Group is exposed to normal business risks from changes in market interest rates and currency exchange rates and from non-performance of contractual obligations by counterparties. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Group. The Group has a system of controls in place to create an acceptable balance between the cost of risks occurring and the cost of managing the risks. The management continually monitors the Group's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as result from operating activities divided by total shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interests and also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future movements in market interest rates will affect the results of the Group's operations and its cash flows because loan interest rates are mainly determined by the bank. The Group is primarily exposed to interest rate risk from its borrowings.

Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk relating to purchases and sales which are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group primarily utilizes forward exchange contracts with maturities of less than one year to hedge such financial assets denominated in foreign currencies. As at 30 September 2014 and 2013, the forward exchange contracts entered into at the reporting date also relate to anticipated sales, denominated in foreign currencies.

At 30 September, the Group and the Company were exposed to foreign currency risk in respect of financial assets and liabilities denominated in the following currencies:

	Consolid		dated	Sepa	rate
	-	financial sta	tements	financial st	atements
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousa	nd Baht)	
US Dollars					
Cash and cash equivalents	7	124,585	121,621	124,585	121,621
Trade accounts receivable	8	805,813	463,625	805,813	458,232
Trade accounts payable	20	(426,853)	(404,891)	(404,385)_	(356,387)
Gross balance sheet exposure		503,545	180,355	526,013	223,466
Currency forwards - Sale		(1,421,200)	(2,984)	(1,421,200)	-
Currency forwards - Purchase		253	. 12,178		
Net exposure		(917,402)	189,549	(895,187)	223,466

		Consoli financial st		Separ financial st	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(in thousa		
Japanese Yen			(
Cash and cash equivalents	7	47,626	749	47,626	749
Trade accounts receivable	8	464,249	571,793	408,391	268,708
Trade accounts payable	20	(232,830)	(281,987)	(180,637)	(159,514)
Gross balance sheet exposure		279,045	290,555	275,380	109,943
Currency forwards - Sale		(24,027)	(205,922)	-	-
Currency forwards - Purchase		18,269	36,319	-	₩
Net exposure		273,287	120,952	275,380	109,943
Malaysian Ringgit					
Trade accounts payable	20	(203)	(198)	203	(198)
Gross balance sheet exposure		(203)	(198)	203	(198)
01 000 00000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000		(-00)	(2>0)	200	(170)
Singapore Dollars					
Trade accounts payable	20	(46)	(46)	(46)	(46)
Gross balance sheet exposure		(46)	(46)	(46)	(46)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of a customer or counterparty to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Group as and when they fall due.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet. However, due to the large number of parties comprising the Group's customer base, Management does not anticipate material losses from its debt collection.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effect of fluctuations in cash flows.

Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

The fair value of trade, other receivables and finance lease receivables, payables and derivatives approximates carrying values.

The fair value of finance receivables and liabilities with floating interest rates approximates carrying values.

35 Commitments with non-related parties

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial st	atements	financial statements	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in tho	ısand Baht)	
Capital commitments				
Contracted but not provided for				
buildings and other constructions		3,125	-	3,125
Non-cancellable operating				
lease commitments				
Within one year	11,348	10,095	5,585	3,527
After one year but within five year	12,939	5,422	10,389_	2,230
Total	24,287	15,517	15,974	5,757

As at 22 October 2014, the Company has capital commitment amounted to Baht 35 million from the construction of buildings and others.

36 Other commitments

As 30 September 2014 and 2013, banks have provided the following guarantees on behalf of the Company and its subsidiary:

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statement	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(in thou	sand Baht)	
Raw materials purchases	71,535	108,280	71,535	69,373
Electricity supply	37,569	37,569	30,003	30,003
Performance guarantees	-	1,577	-	7
Supply purchases	500	500	500	500
Others	-	1,000	-	1,000

As at 30 September 2014 and 2013, the Group had entered into forward contract with several banks. The details of the contracts are as follow:

	Forward Receivable				Forward Payable			
	Currency		Currency Equivalent to Baht		Currency		Equivalent to Baht	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in mi	llion)	(in million Baht)		(in mi	llion)	(in million Baht)	
US Dollars	44	0.1	1,421.00	2.98	0.01	0.39	0.25	12.18
Yen	79	644	24.03	205.92	61	114	18.27	36.32
Total			1,445.03	208.90			18.52	48.50

Separate financial statements

	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Forward Receivable				Forward Payable			
	Currency Equi			uivalent to Baht Co		ency	Equivalent to Baht	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in mi	nillion) (în million Baht)		on Baht)	(in million)		(in mill	ion Baht)
US Dollars	44	-	1,421.00		-	-		

The above contracts will be due within August 2015.

37 Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) not yet adopted

The Group has not adopted the following new and revised TFRS and new interpretations that have been issued as of the reporting date but are not yet effective. The new and revised TFRS and new interpretations are anticipated to become effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January in the year indicated in the following table, are as following:

TFRSs	Topic	Year effective
TFRS 2 (revised 2012)	Share-based Payment	. 2014
TFRS 3 (revised 2012)	Business Combinations	2014
TFRS 4	Insurance Contracts	2016
TFRS 5 (revised 2012)	Non-current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	2014
TFRS 8 (revised 2012)	Operating Segments	2014
TAS 1 (revised 2012)	Presentation of financial statements	2014
TAS 12 (revised 2012)	Income Taxes	2014
TAS 17 (revised 2012)	Leases	2014
TAS 18 (revised 2012)	Revenue	2014
TAS 24 (revised 2012)	Related Party Disclosures	2014
TAS 28 (revised 2012)	Investment in Associates	2014
TAS 31 (revised 2012)	Interest in Joint Ventures	2014
TAS 34 (revised 2012)	Interim Financial Reports	2014
TAS 36 (revised 2012)	Impairment of Assets	2014
TAS 38 (revised 2012)	Intangible Assets	2014
TFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities	2014
TFRIC 4	Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease	2014
TFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	2014
TFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	2014
TFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	2014
TFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements	2014
TFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	2014
TFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	2014
TFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	2014
TIC 15	Operating Leases-Incentives	2014
TIC 27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease	2014
TIC 29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosure	2014
TIC 32	Intangible Assets-Web Site Costs	2014

Management expects to adopt and apply these new and revised TFRS in accordance with the FAP's announcement and has made a preliminary assessment of the potential initial impact on the consolidated and separate financial statements of those new and revised TFRS and expects that there will be no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.